From Deir el-Medina to DC: The Complex Life of an Egyptian Textile Fragment





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Object Biography

Bernard Bruyère with

and appearance in

Sotheby's catalog

1970/1

Restorations done

(by whom?) to fill

missing sections³

in the Shroud's

sections already

Shroud including Fragment buried in tomb at Deir el-Medina, Thebes

1948

Shroud first published in Bruyère's report of his 1948-51 excavations¹

Shroud purchased for £1500 at Sotheby's auction in London²

c. 1970

Shroud purchased by The Brooklyn Museum (Charles Edwin Wilbour Fund)⁴

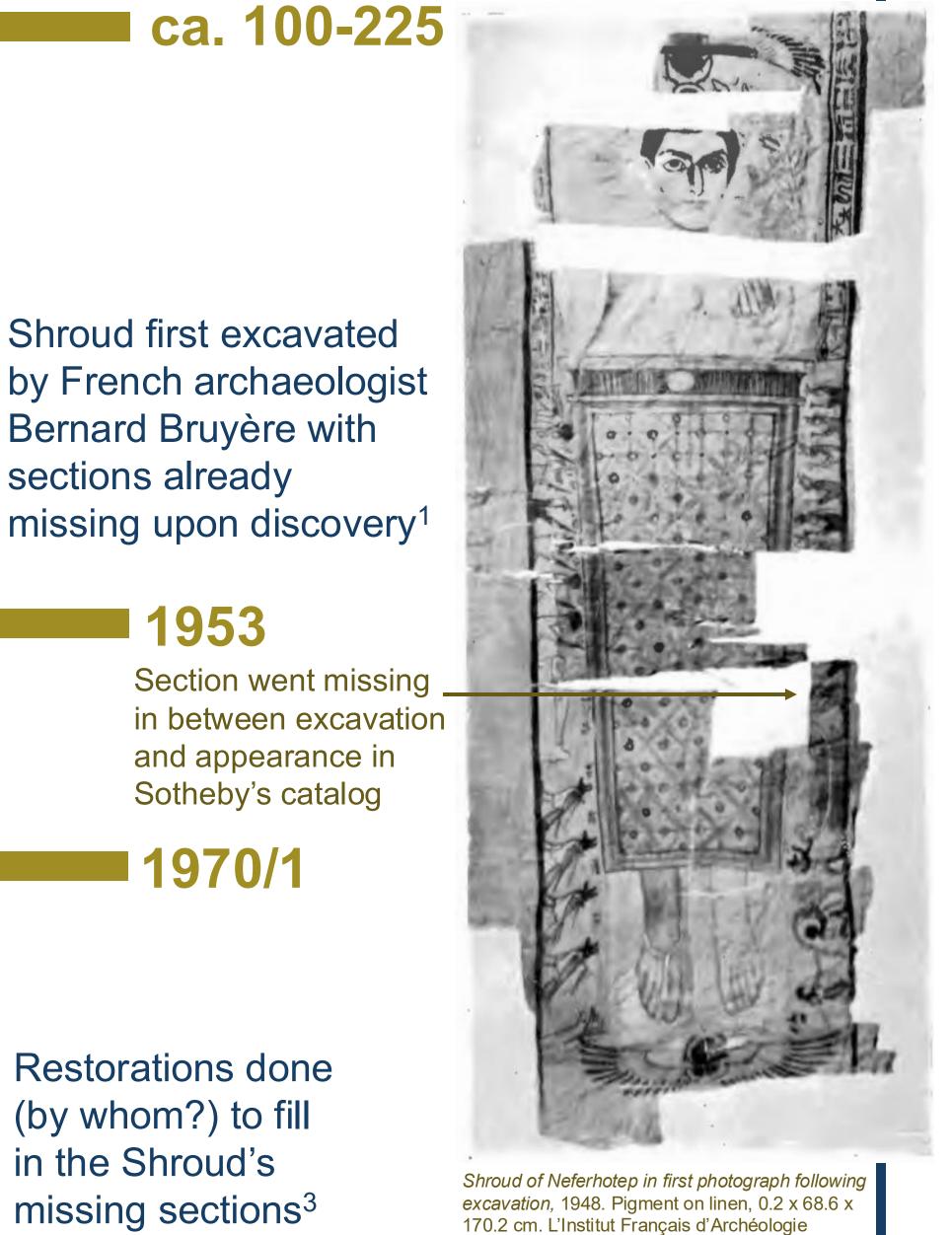
Christie's acquires Fragment from "a private European collection"5

> Textile collector Lloyd Cotsen purchases Fragment from Christie's lot 34⁶

Oct 2018

Shroud and Fragment first linked together in print⁸

2024



Orientale. Photograph courtesy of IFAO.

Neferhotep, Son of Herrotiou, 100-

225 C.E. Pigment on linen, 0.2 x 68.6 x 170.2

cm. The Brooklyn Museum, Charles Edwin

Wilbour Fund, 75.114. Photograph courtesy

of the Brooklyn Museum.

1975

prior to 1980

Dec 6, 2007

Lloyd Cotsen's personal textile collection (including the Fragment) donated to George Washington University Museum & The Textile Museum as Cotsen **Textile Traces Study** Collection⁷

2020

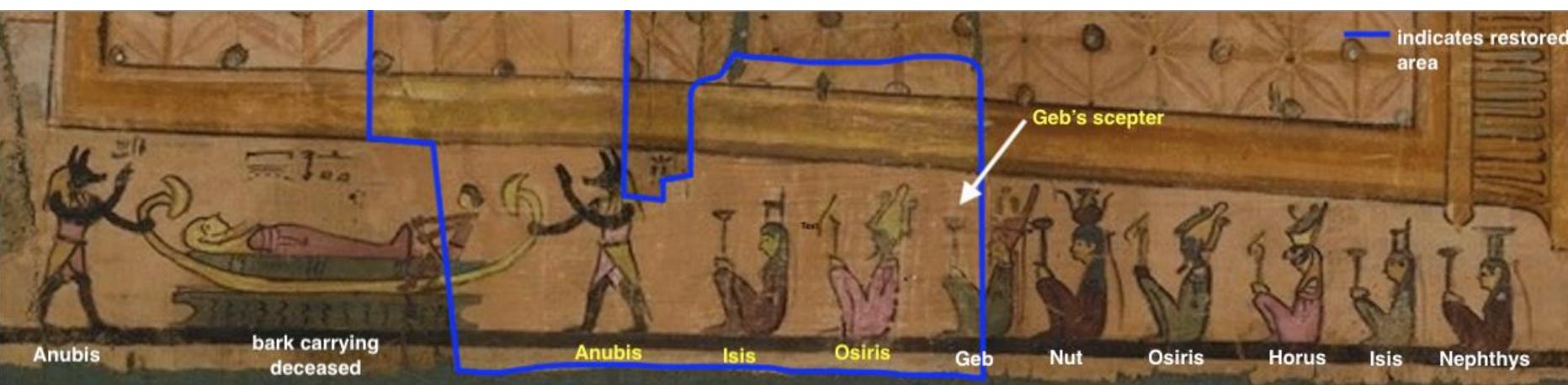
Connection between Shroud and Fragment confirmed through inperson analyses

Cotsen Fragment: Forged or Genuine?

- Purchased from Christie's
- Listed as unprovenanced, Ptolemaic, Demotic script
- Academics refused to study due to market connections
- Undergraduate research opportunity to...
 - Study museum object
 - Reconstruct object biography
 - Explore consequences of forged/looted antiquities

Textile fragment depicting traditional Egyptian iconography, c. 100-225 C.E. Pigment on linen, 15.2 x 13.3 cm. The Cotsen Textile Traces Study Collection T-2920. Photograph courtesy of The George Washington University Museum. Photo: Bruce M. White Photography.





Shroud with incorrect restoration

An Orphaned Object Reunited

Research Revealed...A Possible Connection

- Sole publication connected Fragment to Roman-period shroud⁸
- Egyptian hieroglyphic script

Confirming the Connection

- Join: Fragment's decorations match Shroud's...
 - Circles of black pigment (top of Fragment)
 - Decorative border
 - Black groundline
- Iconography: Geb's missing half on Fragment
- Weave: Both single-ply linen, s-twist
 - Warp: Both 14 ends/cm
 - Weft: 28 picks/cm (Fragment), 26-30 picks/cm (Shroud)
- Color: Not prerequisite for match
 - Differences likely due to environmental conditions

Shroud with 1:1 Image of Fragment overlaid

Ramifications of the Unification

Prior restoration revealed as erroneous

- Isis & Osiris should be Shu & Tefnut
- Papyrus scepter should be was-scepter
- Row of deities initially stopped immediately right of bark, i.e., no second Anubis
- Identified row of deities: Heliopolitan Ennead
 - Atum, Shu, Tefnut, Geb, Nut, Osiris, Horus (replaces Seth), Isis, Nephthys^{1, 8, 12}
 - Extra female deity between Atum & Shu: perhaps personification of Atum's hand¹¹

Left to right: Sumru Krody, Hannah Faberman, and Karthika Audinet at the Brooklyn Museum. Photograph courtesy of Karthika Audinet.

Acknowledgements

I would like to thank the following people for their expertise, assistance, and support:

- Profs. Elise A. Friedland (GWU), Alexandra von Lieven (Universität Münster), Jacqueline E. Jay (Eastern Kentucky University), and Jónatan Ortiz-García (Universidad Complutense de Madrid);
- Associate Dean Rachel Reidner and Administrative Associate Cindy Borja of the Office of Undergraduate Studies at GWU;
- Academic Coordinator Karthika Audient of the Cotsen Textile Traces Study Center and Chief Curator Sumru Krody of The GWU Museum and The Textile Museum;
- Yekaterina Barbash, Morgan Moroney, and Kathy Zurek-Doule (the curatorial team) of the Brooklyn Museum's Department of Egyptian, Classical, and Ancient Near Eastern Art.

This research was supported in part by a GWU Columbian College of Arts & Sciences Luther Rice Undergraduate Research Fellowship.

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valuable connections - Cotsen's Collection (largely from art market) gifted

Broader Implications

- Fragment regains ancient context:
 - From Roman-period Egypt
 - Belongs to Theban burial shroud
- Importance of provenance research for...
 - Reversing looting's ill effects
 - Upholding commitments to preserve cultural heritage Tracing object biographies can yield unexpected and
- Role of university museums in provenance research9
 - to GW to support nuanced research & undergraduate education